Faculty Qualifications & Roles

The National Theological Association (NTA) Faculty Qualifications & Roles document outlines the qualifications and roles of faculty members in theological institutions.

Faculty Qualifications

- Academic Credentials: Faculty members should hold a terminal degree in their field of expertise, such as a PhD or ThD, from an accredited institution.
- Theological Expertise: Faculty members should demonstrate expertise in their area of teaching, including a deep understanding of theological concepts and principles.
- Teaching Experience: Faculty members should have experience in teaching and mentoring students, including experience with online and distance education.
- Professional Development: Faculty members should engage in ongoing professional development, including attending conferences, workshops, and seminars.
- Spiritual Maturity: Faculty members should demonstrate spiritual maturity and a commitment to their faith tradition.

Faculty Roles

- Teaching: Responsible for teaching courses, including developing curriculum, delivering lectures, and assessing student learning.
- Mentoring: Mentoring students, providing guidance and support in their academic and professional development.
- Research and Scholarship: Engage in research and scholarship, contributing to the advancement of knowledge in their field.
- Service: Participate in service to the institution, the profession, and the community.
- Community Building: Contribute to building a sense of community among students, faculty, and staff.

Faculty Responsibilities

- Course Development: Responsible for developing and updating course materials, including syllabi, lectures, and assessments.
- Teaching and Learning: Create a supportive and inclusive learning environment, using effective teaching strategies and technologies.
- Assessment and Evaluation: Assess and evaluate student learning, providing feedback and guidance to students.
- Student Advising: Advise students, providing guidance and support in their academic and professional development.

• Academic Integrity: Promote academic integrity and uphold the highest standards of academic honesty.

Faculty Evaluation

- Regular Evaluation: Faculty members should be evaluated regularly, including student evaluations, peer review, and administrative evaluation.
- Criteria for Evaluation: Evaluation criteria should include teaching effectiveness, research and scholarship, service, and other relevant factors.
- Feedback and Support: Faculty members should receive feedback and support to help them improve their teaching and other responsibilities.
- Professional Development Plan: Faculty members should develop a professional development plan, outlining goals and objectives for their ongoing development.

Faculty Development

- Ongoing Training: Faculty members should participate in ongoing training and development, including workshops, conferences, and seminars.
- Mentoring: Faculty members should be paired with experienced mentors, providing guidance and support in their teaching and research.
- Research Support: Faculty members should receive support for their research and scholarship, including access to resources and funding.
- Community Engagement: Faculty members should be encouraged to engage with the broader community, including participation in conferences, workshops, and other events.

Conclusion

Faculty members play a critical role in theological institutions, shaping the minds and hearts of future leaders. By outlining faculty qualifications and roles, NTA aims to support institutions in developing and supporting their faculty.